UNIT 5: EARLY MODERN EUROPE Reading Guide 32: The Atlantic Economy

Directions: Complete each question after reading.

20.3: The Atlantic Slave Trade

Objective A: Identify the causes of Africa slavery. •

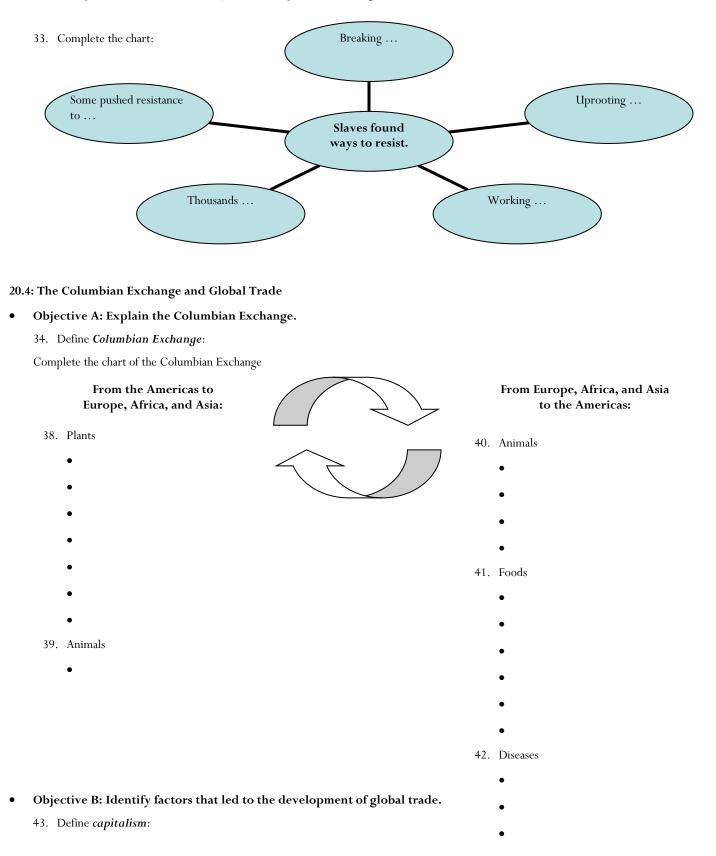
22. Millions of Native Americans died from	,, and
so Europeans tu	rned to for workers.
adv	Europeans saw vantages to using ans in the Americas.
Many Africans had been exposed to Many Africans had experience in	Africans were less likely to Their skin color made it easier to
	, Europeans had imported about million Africans to the
Americas.	
25. During the 17 th century (1601-1700), more than	% of all Africans brought to the Americas went to
,	
Objective B: Trace the spread of slavery throughout th	he Americas.
26. From 1690 until abolished the	e slave trade in, it was the of enslave
Africans.	
	North American colonies. Once in North America, however, the slave
population grew steadily and by 1830, roughly	
 Many African rulers and merchants played 	
29. Captured Africans to be enslaved were delivered to Europe	peans in exchange for
Objective C: Explain the triangular trade.	
30. Complete the chart of triangular trade:	
From the Americas to Europe:	From Europe to Africa:
to Europe:	to Anica:
	From Africa
	the Americas:

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Objective D: Describe the life of enslaved Africans in the colonies.

32. To cope with the horrors of slavery, Africans kept alive such things as ...



44. Define *joint-stock company*:

• Objective C: Describe the effects of new economic policies on European society.

- 45. Describe the economic theory of mercantilism:
- 46. According to the theory of mercantilism, a nation could increase its wealth and power in two ways:
 - a. It could obtain ...
 - b. It could establish ...
- 47. A nation's ultimate goal under mercantilism was ...
- 48. Describe the relationship of a colony and home country under mercantilism.